

FINANCIAL LITERACY SERIES — LESSON 2

Taxes

101

*You're a business owner now.
Here's what that means for your money.*

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3–4 MIN READ • LESSON 2 OF 6

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Sign an NIL deal?

You're now self-employed. Here's what that means for taxes.

No Employer Withholding

Nobody withholds taxes from your check.
The IRS expects YOU to handle it.



15.3% Self-Employment (SE) Tax

On top of regular state and federal income tax, you pay 7.65% Social Security + Medicare for yourself. You also have to pay 7.65% as the employer



You Decide

How you structure your business and file taxes determines how much you owe.



 Most NIL athletes get a surprise tax bill in April because nobody told them this. You're different.

Deductions

The IRS lets you subtract real business expenses from income before calculating what you owe.

\$700,000

NIL Income Earned

– \$100,000

Business Deductions

= \$600,000

Taxable Income

Example:

- \$700,000 with 15.3% FICA/self-employment tax, 28% federal tax and 5% state tax = \$338,100 tax bill
- **\$600,000 with 15.3% FICA/self-employment tax, 28% federal tax and 5% state tax = \$289,800 tax bill**

What NIL athletes can potentially write off

📁 **Rule:** Expenses must be 'ordinary and necessary' for your business. Link expenses to your business account for tracking.

● 🏆 **Training, Coaching & Agent**

Personal trainers, sport coaches, skill coaches,, agent commissions

● ✈️ **Travel to Appearances**

Flights, hotel, Uber to events, signings, camps

● 📱 **Phone & Internet**

Business % of your phone bill & data plan

● 📺 **Content Creation**

Camera gear, lighting, editing software

● 🕒 **Gear & Uniforms**

Equipment, uniforms used for brand appearances

● 💼 **Retirement Contributions**

Some investment accounts are tax deductible (discussed in future lesson)

● 📣 **Marketing & Promo**

Logo design, website, social media tools

● 🏠 **Home Office**

% of rent if you work from home regularly

● 📖 **Education & Courses**

Business, finance, or sport-related courses

● ⚖️ **Legal & Accounting**

Tax prep, business formation, legal fees

**Consult your CPA. This is not tax advice.

The IRS wants their money 4 times a year

As a self-employed athlete, you must pay estimated taxes every quarter — or be penalized thousands of dollars.

Q1

Jan 1 – Mar 31

Due April 15

Q2

Apr 1 – May 31

Due June 15

Q3

Jun 1 – Aug 31

Due Sept 15

Q4

Sep 1 – Dec 31

Due Jan 15

Miss a payment?

✗ IRS charges a penalty

✗ Interest stacks on top

✗ Bill hits in April —
and it's MUCH bigger

✗ No extension on
quarterly payments

💡 A good rule: set aside appropriate tax withholding amount on every NIL payment the DAY it hits your account. Your CPA will calculate this for you. You pay directly to the IRS and your state

How you set up your business changes how much you pay in taxes.

Sole Proprietor

Simplest to start.

- You ARE the business
- All income = personal income
- Self-employment tax on 100% of profit
- No legal separation
- Zero setup cost

→ This is the default option

LLC (Limited Liability Co.)

Adds legal protection.

- Legal shield from lawsuits
- Same tax as sole prop by default
- Self-employment tax on 100% of profit
- Can elect S-Corp tax treatment
- \$50–\$500 to set up

→ Most NIL athletes start here

S-Corp (Election)

Bigger tax savings.

- Pay yourself a salary
- FICA/Self-employment tax on salary ONLY
- Rest = distribution (no self-employment tax)
- More paperwork + cost
- Worth it at higher income

→ Best at \$80K+ profit

EXAMPLE

Meet Travis — \$700,000 in NIL income

Assumptions: \$100,000 in deductible business expenses → \$600,000 net taxable income | Single filer

LLC / Sole Proprietor

NIL Income	\$700,000
Business Deductions	– \$100,000
Net Business Income	\$600,000
FICA + SE Tax (on ALL \$600K)	≈ – \$43,800
Federal Income Tax	≈ – \$167,000

Total Tax Bill ≈ **\$210,000**

VS

S-Corp

NIL Income	\$700,000
Business Deductions	– \$100,000
Net Business Income	\$600,000
Reasonable Salary (to Travis)	\$200,000
FICA + SE Tax (SE paid on \$200k salary)	≈ – \$29,000
Federal Income Tax	≈ – \$168,000

Total Tax Bill ≈ **\$197,000**

This is not tax advice. Consult your tax professional.



S-Corp saves Travis ≈ \$38,250/year vs LLC

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THE BIG PICTURE

\$13,000 a year doesn't sound like a lot.

Until you do the math.

The right structure is about keeping what you earned and doing something lasting with it.

Every athlete who earns NIL money should:

- + Track every deductible expense
- + Set aside 25-30% every payment
- + Pay quarterly taxes on time
- + Have a CPA review their structure

1 year of S-Corp savings

\$13,000

4-year college NIL career

\$52,000

Invested at 7% over 20 years

\$225,000+

You focus on your sport.

We handle the taxes.

IroncladNIL partners with a licensed CPA or your tax advisor who specializes in NIL athlete taxes.

We work together to make sure you're covered on all of it.

-  **Maximize every legal deduction**
-  **Set up and file your quarterly taxes**
-  **Structure your business the right way**
-  **Make sure you're never surprised by a bill**

Book Your Free Consultation

What's in This Series

- ✓ Lesson 1 — Budgeting
- ▶ Lesson 2 — Taxes (you are here)
- Lesson 3 — Think and act like a CEO
- Lesson 4 — Investing 101
- Lesson 5 — Investing 102
- Lesson 6 — Protecting your plan

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